

WILSON, ANGERED BY HER SONS, QUITS CARABAO

Withdraws From Honorary Membership in Military Order.

GARRISON TOLD TO INVESTIGATE

Recent Banquet, Attended by Cabinet Members, Supreme Court Justices and Congressmen, Given Over to Travesty on Peace Policy and Philippines.

Washington, December 15.—President Wilson to-night formally withdrew his recent acceptance of honorary membership in the Military Order of the Carabao, composed of regular and volunteer officers of the army and navy who served in the Philippine Islands during the war, succeeding the Spanish-American War.

Earlier in the day the President had ordered an investigation of various satires and travesties on the administration's policy towards the Philippines as portrayed at a banquet of the Carabao in Washington last Thursday night.

The affair was attended by Secretaries Redfield, Daniels and Postmaster-General Burleson, Justices McKenna and Van Devanter, of the United States Supreme Court, many members of Congress and hundreds of army and navy officers.

The demand for an investigation, together with intimations from the White House that courts-martial and severe reprimands would not be surprising as the Carabao was a sensation in army and navy circles.

Reads Newspaper Accounts.
The incident first came to the President's attention when he read accounts of it in the newspapers.

Through his secretary, he communicated with various members of the Cabinet, expressing his indignation that officers of the army and navy should sing songs containing profane epithets toward a people whom the United States was endeavoring to assist to self-government and civilization.

No effort, according to White House officials, had been made to keep the banquet a private affair, copies of the songs and descriptions of the travesties showing opposition to the administration's Philippine policy being given to the press generally in advance.

It was made plain at the White House that while the general burlesque of the administration's peace policies, and thrusts at Secretary Bryan and others, were deeply resented because they came from army and navy officers, the chief objection was to the spirit of hostility shown to Philippine independence as being worked out by the administration.

Secretary Garrison said this afternoon: "I have been instructed by the President to make this investigation, and I have already begun it. I propose to obtain a complete reproduction of everything that took place at the dinner, letters that were read, songs that were sung and all the features of the evening, and shall act on such matters which are within my jurisdiction. What action the President may take I don't know."

Navy Secretary Will Act.
That there will be another investigation by the Secretary of the Navy, Daniels is also assured. Mr. Daniels does not indicate how he will proceed, but it is evident that he will act in accordance with whatever report is made by the Secretary of War, who is charged with the inquiry as it will affect both army and navy and all present.

Secretaries Daniels and Garrison conferred at length on the subject and on Rear-Admiral Thomas T. Howard, U. S. N., and Major-General James Aleshaire, U. S. A., the two highest officers of the Carabao, for an explanation. They promised to give all the information desired. They would not discuss the incident for publication.

Secretary Daniels, who made a speech at the banquet, but left early to attend the congressional reception, said afterwards that none of the "stunt" songs bringing in the "peace defeat" composed of the battalions "U. S. S. Friendship, U. S. S. Fellowship, and U. S. S. Fiddle" had taken place while he was there.

"While I was there," said Mr. Daniels, "the thing I thought was particularly offensive was the song, 'D-n, D-n, D-n the Insurrectos.' Had I known it was to be sung I would have asked that it be eliminated or I would not have gone."

The chorus of the song, which was sung with great zest by hundreds of army and navy officers present, was as follows:

"D-n, d-n, d-n the insurrectos, cross-eyed kakakak adrones,
Underneath the starry flag, civilize 'em with a krag."
And return us to our beloved homes."

The word "adrones" is the Spanish for "robbers," and "krag" is the army abbreviation for the Krag-Jorgensen rifle.

"It was in bad taste to sing that song," said Mr. Daniels. "It isn't like the Griffron Club or other organizations outside, which are independent of the government. When I heard the song I turned to Justice Van Devanter, of the Supreme Court, who was sitting beside me, and said:

"This will be the first if it goes to the Philippines." He said with a laugh, "I tell you, when I heard the song, the officers intended merely to have a jolly time, but they went too far. If they had stopped to think, I am sure they wouldn't have done it."

It was pointed out to the secretary that the song had been sung at many Carabao dinners in previous years, and had originally read: "D-n, d-n, d-n the Philippines."

(Continued on Tenth Page.)

WAS SPIRIT MISTAKEN?

Wrong Lady Gordon Is Recognized at [Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] London, December 15.—A curious dispute has arisen in connection with the spiritualistic seance arranged last night by Major-General Sir George Turner, at the home of Cecil Husk, the noted medium, at which, according to those present, the spirit of the late Mrs. Gordon appeared and spoke to several persons present, among them being Lady Gordon, to whom, according to a reporter who was present, the spirit said: "I believe we were fellow-passengers on that fatal night," referring to the sinking of the Titanic.

It now seems that the Lady Gordon who was present was not Lady Duff-Gordon, but Lady Edith Gordon, wife of Mr. Home Gordon. It was remarked that Lady Gordon did not reply to the spirit query, and that she appeared to be "bewildered, awe-struck and unable to say a word."

The question is now asked, did the spirit make a mistake, or was it mesmeric illusion, or was the reporter mistaken? The latter stoutly maintains the correctness of his version of the incident.

The identity was discovered to-day when a correspondent called at the home of Lady Duff-Gordon and learned that she had been in Paris for a week.

The Fall Mail Gazette, referring to last night's seance, says: "A few years ago it would have been considered very unusual for any distinguished authority to treat these subjects seriously. To-day, however, it is only one of the signs of growing interest in psychical research."

HE WANTED INSURANCE
Examiner Says Murderer Tried to Obtain \$5,000 on Anna Amuller.

New York, December 15.—Hans Schmidt sought to obtain \$5,000 insurance upon the life of his victim, Anna Amuller, as far back as last April, according to the testimony of Harold H. Hayes, an insurance company official. Dr. Hayes said that Schmidt's trial for murder, the State contends that Schmidt was planning to murder the young woman. He killed her on the night of August 21.

The blank upon which Schmidt wrote out the application for insurance was offered in evidence. It described the Amuller girl as Mrs. John Schmidt, still in New York, but with a date of birth marriage ceremony which Schmidt says he performed, acting both as priest and bridegroom—was given as May 5, 1912.

The application was rejected by the insurance company. Dr. Hayes said that Schmidt said this afternoon he would take the witness stand, if permitted, to "tell his story in his own way." His lawyers said they had not decided whether he would be called.

ZELAYA STILL TARRIES
He Is Given Admonition Not to Forget to Depart.

Washington, December 15.—General J. Santos Zelaya, erstwhile Nicaraguan dictator, still in New York, but with his trunk packed ready to sail. This information was furnished to Solicitor Folk, of the State Department, to-day by a counsel for Zelaya, when inquiry was made as to when Zelaya would start for Barcelona, Spain, in fulfillment of the promise he gave Mr. Folk when the Nicaraguan government dropped proceedings for the former President's extradition to Nicaragua on charges of murder. General Chamorro, Nicaraguan minister, called upon Solicitor Folk to-day to ask if Zelaya had lived up to his agreement to quit the country. Mr. Folk said that the Central American Republic, Solicitor Folk sent word to the exiled Nicaraguan not to forget to depart.

Officials said to-night that if Zelaya did not leave the United States soon his case would be reopened.

WAR CLAIMS BILL PASSES

House Acts Favorably, and Now It Goes to Senate.

Washington, December 15.—The omnibus war claims bill, which developed a appropriation of \$1,729,012.11, was passed to-day by the House under unanimous consent rules.

The claims made for the appropriation were \$1,135 in number, and cover every State in the Union. They are divided into three classes. Class one includes the claims of officers and soldiers for arrears in back pay; class two, the claims of social or business men; and class three, claims for buildings, and class three covers stores and supplies used during the war. A similar bill has been passed during the last three Congresses, but the House and Senate were unable to decide upon a compromise measure.

SPLIT IN ROYAL SOCIETY

Wearing of Two White Ostrich Feathers Causes Trouble.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] London, December 15.—The ostrich feather has caused a split in royal society. The feathers appeared on a hat worn by Princess Arthur of Connaught when she opened a charity bazaar recently. The ostrich feathers aroused the ire of the Duchess of Portland, who is president of the league against cruelty to birds, and she left the function without waiting to receive the princess. The princess, who was highly indignant, reported the incident to Queen Mary, who, however, supported the duchess in her action, as she is strongly sympathetic with the objects of the league.

SAW HOLE IN VAN

Prisoners Being Carried to Jail Make Escape From Moving Vehicle.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] Philadelphia, December 15.—While being conveyed by a prison van to the new county prison in Holmesburg late to-day, four colored men, convicted of larceny, sawed their way to freedom through the bottom of the vehicle, and at a late hour have not been apprehended.

The missing prisoners are William Grimes, Sylvester Payne, Philip L. London and Wilbert Borrell, all of the city, each sentenced to two and one-half years imprisonment.

When the wagon reached the jail the discovery was made, and detectives immediately were detailed on the case.

WILL LEARN TO SHOOT

Solons and Their Lower House Colleagues Join Revolver Association.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, December 15.—Senators and Representatives are availing themselves of an opportunity to improve their marksmanship by enrolling as honorary members of the Officers' Revolver Association of the District National Guard. Saturday night was the date selected for the special tournament among the legislators and the soldiers.

REBEL LEADERS ARE GIVEN POWERS BY WASHINGTON

Carranza and Villa Are Told Outrages Must Stop.

FAILURE TO OBEY MAY MEAN FORCE

Warnings Sent After Bryan Confers With Ambassador From Spain, Whose People Have Been Subjected to Mexican Indignities—President Huerta Is Ignored.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, December 15.—"There must be no summary executions. There must be no condemnations unless after fair trial."

The United States will be very unfavorably impressed if there be any contrary action taken by the military leaders in command of Chihuahua. These are the orders of the State Department to Generals Villa and Carranza, the rebel leaders in Chihuahua, who are oppressing the citizens of Spain.

They are so peremptory, and the cessation of them is so serious, that an official of the State Department said to-day that if they were not obeyed there would be nothing left to do but to send the United States army into Chihuahua to restore order and enforce obedience by Villa and Carranza to the demands of the United States.

The scene of the fire is the spot where "General" Plora Drummond and other militants awaited Mr. Emmeline Pankhurst on her arrival in England from the United States on December 4, when the suffragette leader was arrested.

The militant suffragettes appealed to-day to King George on behalf of Mrs. Pankhurst. A telegram sent to the King reads:

"In Your Majesty's name, a noble woman is being done to death in Holles Road, London. Your Majesty is asked to stop this crime before it is too late."

BIG PIER BURNS

Fire Destroys Part of \$500,000 Terminal at Charleston.

Charleston, December 15.—Fire of unknown origin this afternoon destroyed a new pier of the Clyde Steamship Company, which pier would have been put into use the first of the year. The steamship "Comanche" was backed out into the stream without damage. Huge showers of sparks were sent up by the burning pier, and a number of small flames started. None of these, however, caused any damage.

The Clyde Company will, it is understood, at once begin the reconstruction of the burned pier, a part of the pier being already under construction. The cost of more than \$500,000. To-night no accurate estimate of the money damage was available, officials of the company striving to ascertain the loss.

IT'S WAITING GAME NOW

Officers Expect Lopez to Kill Himself or Die of Starvation.

Bingham, Utah, December 15.—With all the upper workings of the Utah Apex Mine sealed up with bulkheads, the pursuit of Ralph Lopez settled down to a waiting game to-day. The mine is sealed up with bulkheads, and the mine is opened, which will be after they are convinced Lopez has died from starvation or committed suicide.

Letters from all parts of the United States and from Canada and Mexico, purporting to be from Lopez, have been received by the sheriffs. One received to-day from Vancouver, B. C., bore a striking likeness to his handwriting.

BATTLING FOR HIS LIFE

Attorneys for Leo M. Frank Argue Case in Supreme Court.

Atlanta, Ga., December 15.—Attorneys to-day began a battle for the life of Leo M. Frank before the Georgia Supreme Court. Convicted of the murder of Mary Phagan here last April, Frank is now being held in the State Prison. A new trial was denied by the lower courts. It was expected that arguments would be completed to-morrow.

A new trial is asked on the grounds that jurors who convicted Frank were prejudiced.

DANIELS ACCEPTS DESIGNS

Invites Bids for Construction of Two Collars.

Washington, December 15.—Secretary Daniels to-day accepted the final designs of two collars for the Panama Canal Zone, which are to be constructed by bidders for their construction. While these vessels are intended primarily for the transportation of coal to the Panama Canal, they could easily be converted into the naval type of collar.

CARDINAL HAS NEW HAT

Aged Prelate Attracts Attention From Charles Street Pedestrians.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Baltimore, December 15.—Cardinal Gibbons has attracted much attention from the pedestrians along Charles Street within the last few days because, when he now goes for his daily walk, he wears a black beaver Italian episcopal hat with an outside band of red ribbon.

CASE IS DISMISSED

Court Refuses to Take Jurisdiction in Asheville Appeal.

Washington, December 15.—The Supreme Court to-day dismissed an appeal on contested counts in the indictment of John Carter, president of the bank at Asheville, N. C., charging him with misapplying the bank's funds. The court dismissed the appeal for want of jurisdiction, and the case now remains as decided in the lower courts, with Carter awaiting trial on other counts.

The government asked that the lower court's decision be reviewed under the criminal appeals act, which gives the government a right of review where the dismissal was based on a construction of a Federal statute. It was asserted that if lower court judges did not state reasons for their action they would deprive the government of the right of appeal.

Chief Justice White to-day said that if they did so there was means of remedying the situation, presumably referring to legislation.

LITERACY TEST UP AGAIN

Measure Taft Vetoed Reported to House by Committee.

Washington, December 15.—With an overwhelming majority in its favor, the Burnett immigration bill, including a literacy test such as was vetoed by President Taft, was ordered reported to-day by the House Immigration Committee.

The committee cleared up its differences relating to militant suffragists, advocates of sabotage and forms of violence, by adopting an amendment which provided for the deportation of "any alien who at any time within three years after entry shall be found in the United States advocating or teaching the overthrow of organized government or the assassination of any public official."

The committee did not adopt any special amendment relating to the exclusion of Asians, leaving that to the general provisions of the bill relating to the requirements for naturalization.

Representative Hootch, of Pennsylvania, submitted a minority report against the literacy test provision.

The majority report said in connection with the specific inhibition against Asians: "Most of the committee, if not all of them, believe that some stringent measures should be speedily adopted to check the influx of Hindus and other Asiatics into the United States, but on account of the delay that it might cause to the passage of this bill, we thought that we should not go further into this question at this time than is done in section 2 of the provision which excludes those ineligible to citizenship, and with the limitation (as to existing or future treaties) concerned in that provision."

ARSON SQUAD AT WORK

Suffragettes Taking Revenge for Arrest of Their Leader.

London, December 15.—The suffragette arson squad to-day set fire to a lumber yard at Devonport and destroyed property worth over \$400,000. The lumber yards and considerable adjoining property were fire-swept. Suffragette literature and placards bearing the words, "Revenge for the suffragettes, Pankhurst," were scattered about.

The scene of the fire is the spot where "General" Plora Drummond and other militants awaited Mr. Emmeline Pankhurst on her arrival in England from the United States on December 4, when the suffragette leader was arrested.

The militant suffragettes appealed to-day to King George on behalf of Mrs. Pankhurst. A telegram sent to the King reads:

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TEST OF STRENGTH ASSURES SUCCESS OF CURRENCY BILL

Forces of Administration Win First Voting Skirmish.

OWEN REGIONAL PLAN IS ADOPTED

No Agreement Reached as to Day When Final Action Will Be Taken—Root Charged With Shaping His Course Toward White House.

Washington, December 15.—Administration forces in the Senate were victorious to-day in the first test of strength on the currency reform bill. The vote, 49 to 35, tabled a substitute proposed by Senator Hitchcock for Section 2 of the administration bill, proposing a system of four regional banks, with a possible increase to eight, the regional bank stock to be owned by the public.

The defeat of this amendment practically assured the adoption of the Owen bill, which provides for from eight to twelve regional banks, with the stock owned by the national banks that become members. Democratic leaders claimed that the result of the test vote, involving one of the most important features of the bill, indicated the complete success of the administration measure.

Efforts to get an agreement for a time to begin final voting on the bill were not successful to-day, but leaders on both sides looked forward to an early termination of the debate and for final action before the end of the week.

When the Hitchcock substitute had been tabled, Senator Reed made a speech vigorously defending the Owen bill, and replying to Senator Root, who had just attacked the administration bill, called Secretary Bryan "the dominating influence" behind the proposed new currency system.

Repeating directly to Senator Root's predictions that undue inflation and a financial panic might ensue if the currency bill passed in its present form, Senator Reed declared that inflation of the currency could occur unless the "sound money men who run the banks" brought it about.

"It is a workable bill," he declared, "and it would not cause destruction to business. If added checks ought to be put in, I, for one, am willing to put them in. The Senator from New York spent his time telling of the dire things that would happen, and spent but little time explaining his own proposed amendments."

"No one has the right to stand on the floor of this Senate and undertake to tell us that the interests of the country when there is not just cause for it. I doubt the high patriotism of the man who will stand here and cry, 'Wolf, wolf, when there is no wolf; the multitude who may be misled by such a cry.'"

Senator Reed said a "typewritten document" proposing Senator Root for election to the press before he made his speech. "It is not difficult, then, to understand why the Secretary of State was brought in," he added. "When the Secretary of State is brought in, it is to show that men will sometimes let their interest overcome their spirit of fairness and candor."

Bankers Would Be to Blame.
"If we ever have inflation of the currency under this bill, it will be caused by the bankers of the country, and by no one else. Even if Mr. Bryan was right that he has been painted by his enemies as the cause of inflation of the currency, which no one has the right to charge; even if his influence was to stand back of this proposed Federal reserve board and to control the money who will be appointed by the President, that board cannot pay one dollar of additional currency until there has been a call made upon it by the regional banks, whose boards will be elected by the sound money men who run the national banks."

Senator Hitchcock made a sharp attack on the proposed control of the regional reserve banks by the bankers of the country. He declared that the control of the bill would turn over the country reserves to the use of these bankers, and would legalize the methods and combinations of the kind against which the country has long protested.

Quoting the speech of Senator Stone on Saturday, in which the latter attacked A. B. Hepburn and Frank A. Vanderlip of New York, and Milton C. Eisenhower of Washington, and representatives of a class of bankers, he declared that under the Democratic bill the control of the currency system of the country would be turned over to these and other bankers.

"If the Vanderlipsis and the Alikes are going to control," interrupted Senator Stone, "it is remarkable that they are opposing this whole system. They have been in the front fighting the proposed currency bill, and now they are fighting it yet. They are invoking every agency to defeat it. They want to get a central bank."

Criticism Renewed.

Democratic Senators renewed the criticism of Senator Root's speech at the night session of the Senate. Senator Williams, referring to the presidential boom launched for Senator Root by Senator Gallinger, declared it was "wonderful what wreck can be wrought in a so-called 'progressive' or 'democratic' bill."

He declared the "plutocratic press" had heralded Senator Root's speech as a great attack on the currency bill, but he insisted that Senator Root's premises were entirely wrong. No inflation of the currency could result from the new proposed law, he said, because of the restraining influence of the Federal reserve board.

Chairman Owen, of the Banking Committee, challenged the statements of Senator Root that in case of a financial disturbance, the gold of America at Jan. 1st, Good until Jan. 6th. Three Fast Trains Daily to Norfolk.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS.

Reduced rates via C. & O. Ry. Round trip tickets on sale Dec. 15 to 24th inclusive. Dec. 31 and Jan. 1st. Good until Jan. 6th. Three Fast Trains Daily to Norfolk.

Uncle Sam Is Santa Claus

Government Employees Will Draw Full Month's Pay on December 25.

Washington, December 15.—A merry Christmas to Uncle Sam's thousands of employees was assured to-day by the issuance of a departmental permit them to draw full December pay on December 23.

Death of Thomas Imminent.

Nashville, Tenn., December 15.—John Thomas, Jr., president of the Nashville Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway, who has been seriously ill at his home here for some weeks from pleural pneumonia, was reported to be rapidly failing to-night. His death is expected within a few hours.

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WILL SPRING SURPRISES

Mrs. Kate Davis Says She Is Not Author of "Poison Pen" Letters.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Wilkes-Barre, Pa., December 15.—Mrs. C. J. Wallace, a prominent social worker, a member of the Luzerne County Visitation Board, and the wife of Dr. C. J. Wallace, a leading physician, is called a "knave" and the tool of politicians in "poison pen" letters circulated through the city here to society folk. Mrs. Kate Davis, superintendent of the National Legal Aid Society, Longue, was organized, she has been arrested as the author of the letters, and she is waiting them, and declares that when she appears in the next Criminal Court for trial she will have several surprises to spring. Dozens of the letters have been sent out, and all of them reached prominent society women and social workers, who will appear in witness against Mrs. Davis in an effort to identify her handwriting and show that she is the anonymous author of the letters, in which Mrs. Wallace is so bitterly attacked.

When Mrs. Davis will not go into details in discussing the matter, she made this statement to-day in her apartment:

"When this case is tried in court the wheat will be separated from the chaff in this city. I will have some surprises. A spring of Mrs. Wallace probably does not realize that she always borne a good reputation; that despite trickery and hate she will learn that she is not prosecuting a senseless child's maid before I am through with this case."

WHERE IS LEISHMAN?

Paris Is Amazed When It Hears of His Disappearance.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] Paris, December 15.—The reports from Pittsburgh saying that former Ambassador Leishman is missing have been received with amazement in Paris. Mr. Leishman sailed from Paris for New York in November 15. So far as is known here, he is still in the United States.

It is the general report in Paris that the financial affairs of Mr. Leishman are not rosy. During recent years he has spent enormous sums as ambassador in different European courts, while Leishman, married and with a family, style of living has been on the side of extravagance.

It was said a couple of months ago that Mr. Leishman was feeling the pinch, but he was not troubled, and it was believed that his tremendous capacity would see him through.

In any event, it was pointed out at that time that his former associates, Andrew Carnegie and Henry Ford, whose life he once said to have saved in Pittsburgh, would see him through any temporary straits.

When Mr. Leishman sailed for the United States he had no respondent that he would re-enter business upon his arrival there.

RECOMMENDS DIVORCE

Referee in Favor